

Cornerstone Multi Academy Trust

Music Policy: Classroom Music Lessons

Rationale

Music is a powerful, unique form of communication that can change the way pupils feel, think and act. It transcends different cultures, abilities and generations. Listening to, and making music, fulfils an instinctive human need for self-expression and creativity. It stimulates responses both on emotional and intellectual levels. Music can be a lifelong source of pleasure. It is education for life. This policy seeks to ensure that children can fully participate in whole class music lessons.

Aims

To encourage, all pupils to:

- develop musical skills and concepts through listening, appraising, performing and composing.
- develop social skills through co-operation with others in the shared experience of music making.
- develop an understanding of musical traditions and developments in a variety of cultures.
- be motivated to enjoy and succeed in music

Music and the National Curriculum

Music contributes to the wider aims of Primary Education including, literacy, ICT, P.E, Art, P.S.H.E. and citizenship.

Music can develop skills, attitudes and attributes that can support learning in other subject areas that are needed for life and work skills – e.g. listening skills, concentration, creativity, intuition, aesthetic sensitivity, perseverance, self-confidence and sensitivity towards others. The school policy is to plan from the National Curriculum and Foundation Stage Guidance in light of the project-based curriculum, as consistent with other subjects across the trust

Pupils' Experiences

Both in music lessons and across the curriculum, Music opportunities will be created for pupils to:

- listen, appraise, perform and compose in a variety of genres, styles and audiences.
- undertake a balanced programme of activities.
- work individually, in groups or as a whole class
- make appropriate use of technology to create and record music
- make use of outside agencies, peripatetic teachers, music concerts etc
- make use of audio/visual material
- record findings in a variety of ways.
- to learn one musical instrument in whole class ensemble lessons.
- to participate in small group or individual musical tuition on chosen instrument using peripatetic music teachers.
- to perform to wider audiences of parents, local community and other schools at end of year productions, assemblies, and Christmas shows.

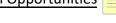
Updated: March 2022 (AL) Review: January 2023 Lesson Content

Each instrumental lesson consists of elements of listening to live or recorded music, reading and following written music, discussion of theory and understanding the language of music, as well as playing instruments both individually and with the teacher or other pupil. Class planning for music will endeavour to cover a balance of these elements across each half term's music lessons.

Behaviour

Behaviour expectations are the same for the children both on and off the site of each school, including in the hall or in a dedicated music room. Further details of acceptable behaviour can be found in the school policy (available online).

Equal Opportunities



- We aim to give every pupil the opportunity to enjoy a variety of musical activities.
- Staff will create an environment that challenges stereotypes and supports the appreciation of other cultures.
- All pupils will have an equal opportunity to reach their full potential across the music curriculum regardless of their race, gender, cultural background or special needs.

SEND / Able Pupils

Music lessons are inclusive to pupils with special educational needs and disabilities. Where required, children's IEP's incorporate suitable objectives from the National Curriculum for music or development Matters and teachers keep these in mind when planning work. Where appropriate, focused intervention in school helps children with gaps in their learning and understanding, and differentiated activities are planned to support children with SEND but also activities that provide sufficient challenge for children who are high achievers. It is the teachers' responsibility to ensure that all children are challenged at a level appropriate to their ability. Where relevant, the trust Pupil Premium policy also details how additional support or challenge may be delivered.

Assessment and Record Keeping

- Assessment is ongoing and evidence for recording and reporting purposes is gained from teacher observation. With the exception of Foundation Stage, pupils' achievements in music will be assessed half termly.
- Annual reports for parents A statement for music is based on the extent to which a
 pupil has achieved against N.C. Attainment Targets.

Resources =

The resources are available across the trust and are moved between school sites as required for the planned delivery of the music curriculum:

- Instrument Boxes in each store room
- Two electric pianos, one acoustic piano, three keyboards, one xylophone, one baby grand electric piano

- Books Library
- Whole class ukulele set
- Whole class mixed Bb brass set
- 14 taiko drums
- Whole class boomwhackers sets (per school)
- Whole class samba kit
- Whole class recorder set

Health and Safety Issues

- Using instruments appropriately.
- Hygiene of sharing mouthpieces, e.g. brass, recorders,
- Electrical equipment will be inspected as per the school schedule.

Monitoring the Policy

The Subject leader will monitor the implementation of the policy regularly.

The standards and effectiveness committee of the trustee body will monitor this policy on a three-year basis. If the policy appears to need modification, then the committee will report its findings and recommendations to the full governing body.

Appendix 1 – Objectives Taught in Each Year Group

Year 1

Skills: Children will be taught to	Knowledge:
2 sing songs from memory.	Children will be taught to
2 perform rhythmic patterns.	② name some percussion instruments and orchestral instruments.
☑ recognise high/low, long/short, loud/quiet.	☑ recognise that music can be happy/exciting/dreamy
2 play instruments while others sing.	
2 dance to music.	

Year 2

Skills: Children will be taught to	Knowledge:
☑ sing songs from memory.	Children will be taught to
	2 understand how different instruments produce sound.
Play patterns on a range of instruments.	② understand that music produces different moods/ atmosphere.
🛚 invent own musical ideas.	② understand that music differs in style over time and place.
2 experiment with loud / soft, long/short, high / low.	② use language to discuss music.
② experiment with different timbres (rattle, ring).	
2 dance to music.	

Year 3

Skills: Children will be taught to	Knowledge:	ı
sing increasingly complex songs from memory.	Children will be taught to	ı
when singing, control contrasts of volume and rhythm.	② names of classroom instruments and families of instruments.	ı
Distribution Dis	② use of musical vocabulary (speed, volume, beats, pitch).	ı
2 play by ear on instruments.	② be familiar with music from a range of styles.	ı
2 play on instruments using notation.		ı
perform in music which has several parts.		ı
② compose an atmospheric piece or a structured rhythmic piece.		ı
experiment with different speeds, and different groups of		ı
beats.		ı

Year 4

Skills: Children will be taught to	Knowledge:
Sing tunefully and rhythmically.	Children will be taught to
2 play instruments with others.	2 name classroom instruments and families of instruments.
	2 describe / show familiarity with various musical styles and
2 perform from notations.	atmospheres.
2 compose own music.	2 use musical vocabulary.
2 compose music which has 2 or more parts.	2 recognise parity between musical styles and historical/ artistic
write symbols or notations to record the music.	periods.
2 add dance steps to music.	
discuss and write about music.	
recognise elements of pitch, dynamics and structure.	

Year 5

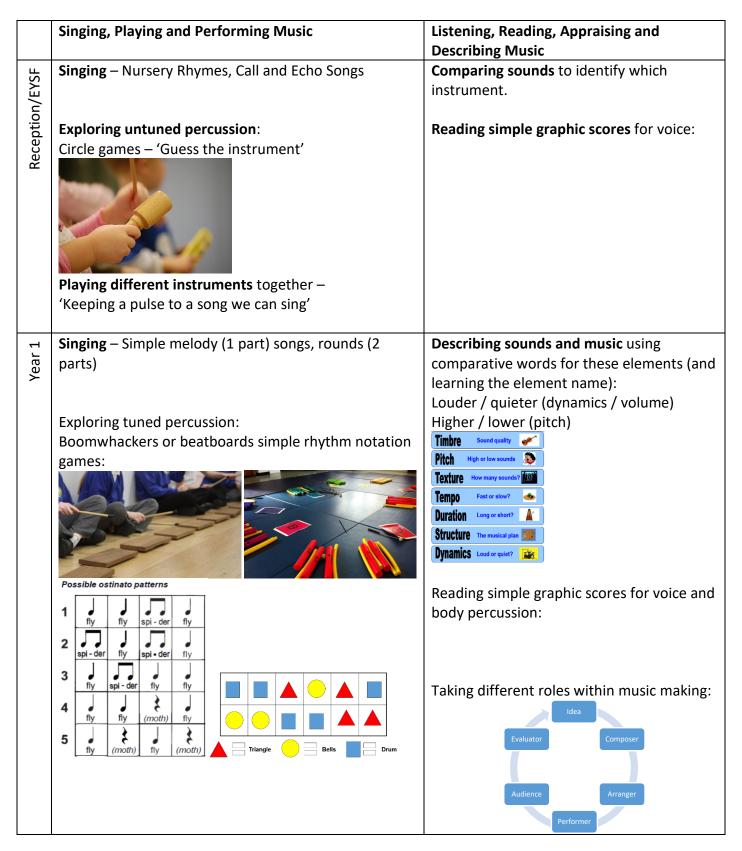
Skills: Children will be taught to	Knowledge:
Sing with good control of rhythm and pitch.	Children will be taught to
Play instruments and sing in pieces which have several parts.	
② use notated music.	☑ use other subject knowledge when analysing music.
Compose music which has a structure and an intended	② use musical terms.
atmosphere.	
② compose music which explores textures, melodies or rhythms.	
② use a system of notation.	
② describe how musical instruments / voices are used to create a	
musical effect.	

Year 6

Skills: Children will be taught to	Knowledge:
	Children will be taught to
2 keep to the beat	
sing and play from notated music and symbols	compared.
2 control speed, volume and timbre when playing or singing	
2 perform in a multi-textured piece	☑ use other subject knowledge when analysing a piece of music.
2 compose and structure own pieces	② use musical styles.
Compose a melody with a rhythmic backing and a third part	
notate own music on paper / screen	
describe how musical instruments and speed, volume, textures	
are used in a piece	

Appendix 2 – Examples of Curriculum Activities Within Each Year Group

Whilst a significant portion of music making is measured through what is heard (and the process of experiencing and creating, refining and adapting), here is a representation of how music making in each your group should be achieved.



Year

Singing – More developed melody songs, rounds (3-4

Hosay, Ya-ay



- Pull out the plug and wet him all over Pull out the plug and wet him all over Pull out the plug and wet him all over Early in the morning. Hooray and up she rises..
- 4. Put him in the scuppers with a hose pipe on him Put him in the scuppers with a hose pipe on him Put him in the scuppers with a hose pipe on him Early in the morning. Hooray and up she rises...

Exploring tuned percussion:

Boomwhackers



What Shall We Do With A Drunken Sailor?

What shall we do with a drunken sailor? X3 Early in the morning?

Chord 1: CEG

Hooray and up she rises!

Put him in the long boat till he's sober..

Chord 2: DFA

Pull out the plug and wet him all over...

Rhythm 1 Put him in the scuppers with the hosepipe on him... 1 2 3 4

O Sinner man

Rhythm 2 O sinner man, where will you run to, X3 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & All on that day?

Run to the rocks, rocks won't you hide me?

Run to the sea, sea won't you hide me?

1 2 3 & 4 &

Rhythm 3

Run to the shore, shore won't you hide me? O sinner man, should bin a praying,

Ostinato (Repeating) DA | CG | DA | CG | D

Body Percussion games:

Teacher				Pupil 1	(improv	rise for 4	beats)	Teache	r			Pupil 2	(improv	isefor 4	beats)
clap	clap	clap	clap					clap	clap	clap	clap				

Beginning to Read simple notation rhythms:

Describing sounds and music using

comparative words for these elements (and learning the element name):

Louder / quieter (dynamics / volume) Higher / lower (pitch)

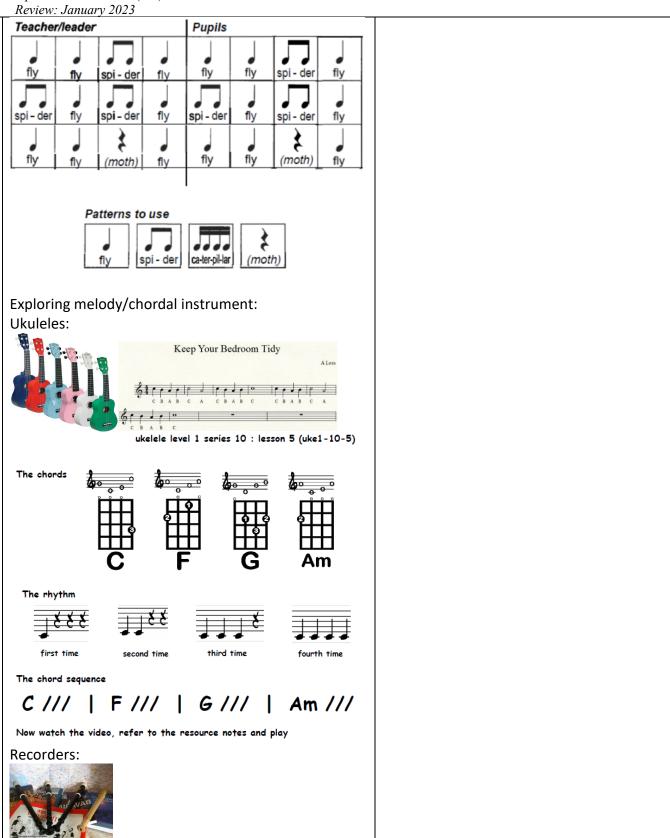
Describing Families of Instruments:



IAL what timbre is

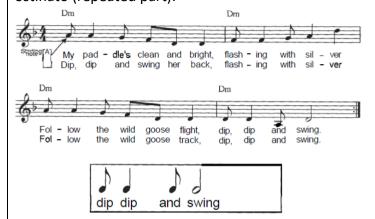
- Holst chose a celesta to be the main instrument in this piece.
- The celesta looks similar to an upright piano or a large wooden music box.
- The keys are connected to hammers which strike a graduated set of metal plates, which are suspended over wooden resonators.





Year 3

Singing – Two-part singing complex rounds. Simple ostinato (repeated part):



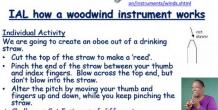
Singing – singing songs following the shape of notated music. Beginning to learn note names within a single octave:



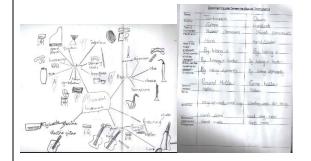
Describing sounds and music elements (of music:

Describing Families of Instruments:









Describing animals etc from characteristics:

Characteristics	Musical elements	Instruments
moves slowly	tempo: slow sounds	many instruments can be played slowly, try thumb piano
 doesn't make very much noise 	dynamics: quiet sounds	any quiet instrument, try wind chimes
 leaves a trail behind it quite small 	 duration: long sounds pitch: high pitched 	try ocean drum try glockenspiel

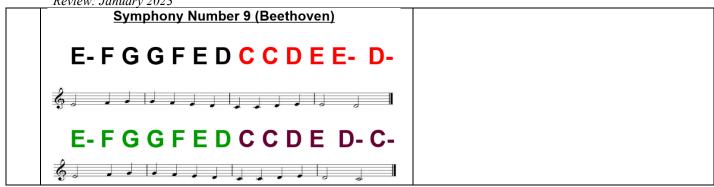
Composing Music using samples and simple sounds to a shared story:

A Space Journey

- Count Down and Take Off
- Leaving Earth, out of our atmosphere
- Past our Moon
- Past our solar system (e.g. Saturn)
- Alien space craft
- Old satellites
- Comets
- New planets (e.g. metal, gold, chocolate, toffee, teddy, trampoline, money, free)
- New galaxy

Review: January 2023								
	A Hindu Cı	A Hindu Creation Story – Brahma Creates the World						
	1	2	3	4	5			
	Nothing	Snake	A sound	Brahma	Creates			
		floats in		starts to	Flowers			
	Peaceful	water	Lotus	make	Animals			
	Still		flower	world				
		Lord	grows		Makes the			
		Vishnu	from belly	Heaven,	world			
		sleeps	button	Earth, sky	turn			
	Project 1 Use a ra Use repe Graduall Work wi Add brea Dance Mus Promine Repetition Use of p	DANCE TRACE of instruction, to all y add / remoth sections / aks ic Features: int drum beaton re-recorded	ntified sh CK Imments to pro ow layers to l ove sounds as A – B –	ape or posterior of the piece o	ncing y of sounds ontinues			

3



Singing – several part harmony singing

Playing Together (examples)

African Drumming:



Samba Drumming:



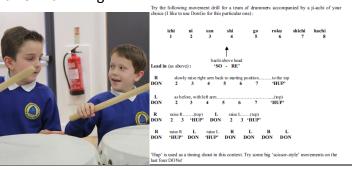


Samba rhythms - Intermediate





Taiko Drumming:



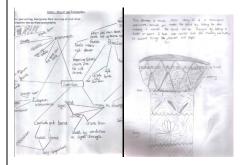
Composing Music:

Extending a notated melody, using A-B-A-C-A patterns to copy and paste sections



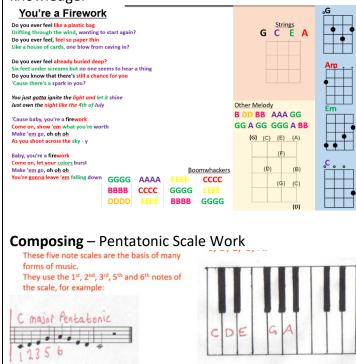
About instruments in greater detail:





Year 6

Singing and accompanying – several part harmony singing, with groups accompanying using chord knowledge:



Composing Music:

Extending a notated melody, using theme and variations in patterns:

